DAV POLICE PUBLIC SCHOOL, JHAJJAR CLASS -VIII

SUMMER OHOLIDAY SUMMER OF SUMMER

<u>ENGLISH</u>

Instructions: Dear students, utilize your vacation time productively. This homework is designed to help you revise important grammar concepts and foster your creativity. Complete all tasks neatly and submit them on the first day back to school.

Part 1: Creative Corner

Choose **ANY TWO** of the following creative activities. Present your work attractively on A3 sheets or in a dedicated creative notebook.

1. "My Dream Vacation" Travel Brochure:(Diary Entry)

- Design an exciting and colourful travel brochure (tri-fold or bi-fold) for a fictional "dream vacation" destination.
- o Include:
 - An catchy title and a captivating image on the front.
 - Details about the destination (e.g., location, climate, attractions, local culture).
 - A daily itinerary of activities.
 - Suggestions for food and local experiences.
 - A section on "Why you should visit!"
 - Contact information (fictional) or a tagline.
 - Use persuasive language and vibrant illustrations/pictures.

2. Comic Strip: "A Day in the Life of a Super Pet"

- Create a 6-8 panel comic strip depicting a day in the life of a pet with superpowers.
- Give your pet a unique superpower and a funny or adventurous story.
- Include dialogue in speech bubbles and narration where necessary.
- Focus on clear illustrations and a humorous storyline.

3. Story Writing: "The Mysterious Object"

- Write a short story (100-200 words) that begins with the discovery of a mysterious object.
- What is the object? Where was it found? What happens after its discovery? Does it have special powers? Does it lead to an adventure or a mystery?
- Develop interesting characters and a captivating plot. Focus on descriptive language and a clear narrative arc (beginning, middle, end).

Part 2: Grammar Worksheets :- Complete the following worksheets in your English grammar notebook. Write down the questions and then the answers.

Worksheet 1: Tenses

A. Fill in the blanks with the correct form of the verb in the simple present, simple past, or simple future tense. (5 Marks)

- 1. The sun (rise) _____ in the east.
- 2. Yesterday, I (go) _____ to the market.
- 3. She (visit) _____ her grandparents next week.
- 4. They usually (play) _____ football on Sundays.
- 5. Last night, it (rain) _____ heavily.

B. Rewrite the following sentences in the tense indicated in the brackets.

- 1. He is reading a book. (Simple Past)
- 2. They will sing a song. (Present Continuous)
- 3. She cooked dinner. (Future Continuous)
- 4. We have finished our homework. (Simple Past)
- 5. The dog barks loudly. (Past Continuous)

C. Identify the tense of the underlined verbs in the following sentences.

- 1. My mother **is baking** a cake.
- 2. They **had completed** the project before the deadline.
- 3. We will be travelling to Goa next month.
- 4. The children **play** in the park every evening.
- 5. He **wrote** a letter to his friend.

D. Correct the errors in tense in the following sentences.

- 1. If I will study hard, I will pass the exam.
- 2. She has gone to the library yesterday.
- 3. They are playing cricket since morning.
- 4. By next year, he will finish his degree.
- 5. I have lived here for five years, and I am still living here.

Worksheet 2: Narration (Direct and Indirect Speech)

A. Change the following sentences from Direct Speech to Indirect Speech. (15 Marks)

- 1. She said, "I am going to the park."
- 2. He said, "I finished my homework yesterday."
- 3. They said, "We will go for a picnic tomorrow."

- 4. My teacher said to me, "You must work harder."
- 5. The boy asked, "Are you coming with us?"
- 6. The old woman exclaimed, "Alas! I have lost my purse."
- 7. He said, "Please lend me your book."
- 8. The principal said, "Don't make a noise."
- 9. Rina said, "What a beautiful flower!"
- 10. The captain said, "Bravo! You played well."
- 11. He said, "Let's go for a walk."
- 12. She asked, "Where do you live?"
- 13. Mother said, "May you live long!"
- 14. The police officer ordered, "Stop the car!"
- 15. Rahul said, "I bought a new phone last week."

B. Change the following sentences from Indirect Speech to Direct Speech.

- 1. He said that he was busy then.
- 2. She asked me if I could help her.
- 3. The teacher advised the students to study regularly.
- 4. They said that they would attend the meeting the next day.
- 5. He exclaimed with joy that he had won the match.
- 6. She wished me good morning.
- 7. He requested me to open the door.
- 8. My friend told me that he had never seen such a big house.
- 9. The man asked where his baggage was.
- 10. She forbade me to touch the wire.

Worksheet 3: Finite and Non-Finite Verbs

A. Underline the verb in each sentence and state whether it is a Finite or Non-Finite verb. If non-finite, specify if it's an Infinitive, Gerund, or Participle.

- 1. She loves to sing.
- 2. Swimming is a good exercise.
- 3. The **broken** vase lay on the floor.
- 4. He wants to buy a new car.
- 5. **Running** quickly, he caught the bus.
- 6. They decided to leave early.
- 7. **Reading** books is my hobby.
- 8. The **barking** dog scared the cat.
- 9. We saw him play football.

10. Having finished her work, she went home.

B. Fill in the blanks with the correct non-finite form (infinitive, gerund, or participle) of the verb given in brackets.

- 1. I enjoy (read) _____ books.
- 2. She likes (dance) _____ in the rain.
- 3. He came (see) _____ me.
- 4. (Work) hard is the key to success.
- 5. The boy was punished for (break) _____ the window.
- 6. We heard the birds (sing) _____.
- 7. (Drive) ______ without a license is illegal.
- 8. She helped me (carry) _____ the bags.
- 9. The (fall) _____ leaves covered the ground.
- 10. (See) _____ is (believe) _____.

<u>HINDI</u>

- 1.पदेन (र) और रेफ (र्) से 10 -10 शब्द बनाइए।
- 2. अन्स्वार और अन्नासिक की परिभाषा लिखकर उनसे पांच-पांच शब्द बनाइए।
- 3. 10 तत्सम शब्दों के 10 तद्भव रूप बनाइए।
- 4. उपसर्ग किसे कहते हैं 10 उपसर्गों से 20 शब्द बनाइए।
- 5. प्रत्यय की परिभाषा लिखकर उनसे 10 शब्द बनाइए।
- 6. अनुप्रास ,रूपक ,उपमा और मानवीकरण अलंकार की परिभाषा लिखकर प्रत्येक के दो- दो उदाहरण लिखिए।
- 7. क्रिया किसे कहते हैं?उसकी परिभाषा लिखकर सकर्मक क्रिया और अकर्मक क्रिया के पांच- पांच उदाहरण लिखिए।
- 8. विशेषण किसे कहते हैं? विशेषण कीपरिभाषा लिखकर उसके भेदों के नाम उदाहरण सहित लिखिए।
- 9. वर्णमाला किसे कहते हैं? हिंदी वर्णमाला में कितने वर्ण होते हैं।
- 10. हिंदी महीनों के नाम लिखते हुए एक पंचांग (कैलेंडर) तैयार कीजिए ।

<u>SANSKRIT</u>

सामान्य निर्देश:-

- 1. शुद्ध व सुंदर लिखिए।
- 2. गृहकार्य संस्कृत की कॉपी में कीजिए।

1. दो मित्रों के बीच, माता और पुत्र के बीच, छात्र और अध्यापक के बीच, भाई और बहन के बीच संस्कृत में संवाद लिखिए।

2. चार चित्रों को देखकर संस्कृत में पांच- पांच वाक्य बनाइए।

3.किं शब्द रूप तीनों लिंङ्गों में, अस्मद् -युष्मद् शब्द रूप, भवत् शब्द रूप पुलिंग और स्त्रीलिंग में, लता और विद्वान शब्द रूप याद करें।

4.दृश्, अस ,कृ, लभ् व सेव् धात् रूप पांचो लकारों में याद करें।

5.क्तवा, ल्यप्, तुम्न्,क्त, क्तवत् प्रत्यय पर एक्टिविटी बनाएं।

MATHEMATICS

1.Write and learn tables from 2 to 20. (15 times)

2. Write and Learn Squares and Cubes from 1 to 30.

Assignment

- 1. Find the square of the following numbers: a. 13.2 b. 25.008 c. 6.35
- 2. Find the square root of the following numbers: a. 112896 b. 390625 c. 81.1(upto 2 decimal places)
- Determine whether the following numbers are perfect squares: a. 59800 b. 121567 c. 2000
- 4. Find the value of √196 by repeated subtraction method.
- 5. Simplify the following expressions: a. $\sqrt{64} + \sqrt{25}$ b. $(\sqrt{81})^2$
- 6. Solve for x a. $x^2 = 676$ b. $2x^2 = 128$
- 7. Find the number whose square is 2025. Cubes and Cube Roots
- 8. Find the cube of the following numbers: a. 6.5 b. 238 c. 2.405
- 9. Find the cube root of the following numbers: a. 244140625 b. 0.000064 c. 9000
- Determine whether the following numbers are perfect cubes: a. 88888 b. 100000 c.
 729000
- 11. Find the value of cube root of 941.192
- Simplify the following expressions: a. cube root of 216 + cube root of 64 b.(cube root of 216)³
- 13. Solve for x a. x³ = 729 b. 3x³ = 375
- 14. Find the number whose cube is 2917.
- 15. If $x^2 = 81$ and $y^3 = 27$, find $\sqrt{(x + y)}$ {upto 3 decimal places}
- 16. Compare the values of v144.88 and cube root of 512 Which is greater?
- 17. Find two numbers whose squares are 64 and 49 respectively.
- 18. If the sum of the squares of two numbers is 100 and their product is 24, find the numbers.

- 19. If the cube of a number is 729, find the square of the same number Squares and Square Roots
- 20. Garden Area Problem: A square garden has an area of 484 square meters. What is the length of each side of the garden?
- 21. Painting a Wall: A painter needs to paint a square wall with an area of 256 square feet. If one can of paint covers 64 square feet, how many cans of paint are needed to paint the entire wall?
- 22. Diagonals of a Square: The diagonal of a square is 10√2 meters. What is the area of the square?
- 23. Equal Sharing: Four friends equally share the cost of a square plot of land that costs ₹2500. If each friend's share is equal to the square of their ages, what is the age of each friend?
- 24. Volume of a Cube: A cube has a volume of 512 cubic centimeters. What is the length of each side of the cube?
- 25. Filling a Tank: A water tank is in the shape of a cube and can hold 1000 liters of water. What is the length of each side of the tank in meters?
- 26. Building Blocks: A child builds a larger cube using 27 smaller cubes of equal size. If the side length of each smaller cube is 2 cm, what is the side length of the larger cube?
- 27. Chocolate Box: A cube-shaped box has a side length of 12 cm. How many smaller cubes with a side length of 3 cm can fit inside the box?
- 28. Carpenter's Workshop: A carpenter has two wooden planks. One is square-shaped with an area of 225 square inches, and the other is cube-shaped with a volume of 729 cubic inches. If he cuts both into smaller pieces with a side length of 3 inches, how many pieces will he get from each plank?
- 29. Swimming Pool: A square swimming pool has a perimeter of 80 meters. What is the area of the pool? If the depth of the pool is 2 meters, what is the volume of water it can hold?
- 30. Gift Box: A gift box in the shape of a cube has a surface area of 486 square centimeters. What is the volume of the gift box?
- 31. Classroom Arrangement: A classroom is arranged in a square formation with chairs such that the area occupied by the chairs is 196 square meters. If the teacher decides to rearrange the chairs in a cubic formation, what would be the volume of the cube formed?
- 32. Simple Direct Variation: If (y) varies directly as (x) and (y = 10) when (x = 2), find (y) when (x = 5).

- 33. Direct Variation with Proportionality Constant: If y = kx and y = 24 when x = 6, find the value of k. Then, determine y when x = 10.
- 34. Application of Direct Variation: A car travels 120 kilometers in 2 hours. Assuming the car travels at a constant speed, how far will it travel in 5 hours?
- 35. Direct Variation in Cost: The cost of 8 apples is ₹12. What will be the cost of 15 apples, assuming the cost is directly proportional to the number of apples?
- 36. Direct Proportion in Work: A worker is paid ₹150 for 5 hours of work. How much will the worker be paid for 8 hours of work? Inverse Variation
- 37. Simple Inverse Variation: If y varies inversely as x and y = 6 when x = 3, find y when x = 9.
- 38. Inverse Variation with Proportionality Constant: If y = k/x and y = 4 when x = 8, find the value of k. Then, determine y when x = 16
- 39. Application of Inverse Variation: If 6 machines can complete a job in 8 hours, how many hours will it take for 4 machines to complete the same job, assuming the number of machines and time taken are inversely proportional?
- 40. Inverse Variation in Speed and Time: A car travels a certain distance at a speed of 60 km/h in 3 hours. If the speed is increased to 90 km/h, how long will it take to travel the same distance?
- 41. Inverse Variation in Work and Workers: If 10 workers can complete a task in 15 days, how many days will it take for 25 workers to complete the same task, assuming the number of workers and the time taken are inversely proportional? Mixed Questions
- 42. Combined Variation: If y varies directly as x and inversely as z, and y = 12 when x = 4 and z = 2, find y when x = 6 and z = 3.
- 43. Cost and Quantity: The cost of 10 books is ₹50. Assuming the cost is directly proportional to the number of books, how much will 15 books cost? If 5 books cost ₹25, how many books can be bought for ₹75?
- 44. Work and Time: If 5 workers can complete a job in 20 days, how many workers are needed to complete the job in 8 days, assuming the number of workers and time taken are inversely proportional?
- 45. Speed and Distance: If a car travels 240 kilometers in 4 hours at a constant speed, how far will it travel in 7 hours at the same speed? If the speed is reduced to 60 km/h, how long will it take to travel 240 kilometers?
- 46. Baking Bread: If it takes 3 hours to bake 6 loaves of bread in an oven, how long will it take to bake 10 loaves of bread, assuming the baking time is directly proportional to the number of loaves?

- 47. The marked price of a double bed is Rs.9575. A shopkeeper allows a discount of 12% and still gains 10%. Find the cost price of double bed.
- 48. Nidhi purchased two Sarees for Rs.2150 each. She sold one saree at a loss of 8% and the other at a gain. If she had a gain of Rs 1230 on the whole transaction, find the selling price of the second saree.
- 49. Reverse GST Calculation: An item is sold for ₹560 including a GST of 12%. Calculate the original price of the item before GST was added.
- 50. Find the square root of $7\frac{2}{3}$ up to 3 decimal places.

SCIENCE

1. The pores in a bread is due to gas bubbles of b) nitrogen dioxide. c) nitrogen d)carbon dioxide. a) oxygen 2. A common preservative used in jam and pickles is a) sodium benzoate b) nitric acid c) sodium chloride d) copper sulphate 3.A ball is rolled, with the same speed on the following horizontal surfaces, one by one: A)A marble floor B) A floor made of bricks C) A floor covered with sand D)A wooden floor In which case will the ball experience the least friction? a)A b)B c)C d)D 4. Which of the following is a method of increasing friction? a) sprinkling talcum powder on carrom board b) ball bearings in shafts of motors c) treads and grooves on tyres of vehicles d) greasing of machines. 5. The process that takes place when yeast is added to sugarcane juice and left for a week is Oxidation a) Decomposition b) Fermentation. c)Distillation d)

6. Which of the following is incorrectly matched?

a)Polio - Virus b)Malaria - Bacteria

c)Tuberculosis - Bacteria d) Hepatitis – Virus

7. A block is placed on a table. Megha pushes it horizontally with a force of magnitude F from east to west direction. The block does not move at all. The force of friction acting on the block is

a)less than F, from east to west

b) F, from west to east

c) more than F, from west to east

d) less than F, from west to east

8.Friction has advantages as well as disadvantages. Dilip prepares a list of some of the advantageous applications of friction. Which among the list is a disadvantage of friction?

(a) walking (b) writing (c) igniting a match stick to light a lamp (d) wearing out of shoes.

10. If the sliding friction between two surfaces is found to be 8 N, then the static friction between these two surfaces is most likely to be:

(a) 5 N (b) 10 N (c) 4 N (d) 2 N

11. The metals used for making the alloy- brass are

(a) iron + steel (b) copper + tin

(c) copper + zinc. (d) copper + iron

12. Pressure exerted by liquid

(a) Increase with depth (b) Decrease with depth

(c) Does not change. (d) Different in different directions

Assertion reason

1.Assertion (A) : Solid sodium chloride conducts electicity.

Reason (R) : Sodium chloride solution is a strong electrolyte.

2. Assertion(A): The rough ER plays a vital role in the synthesis of proteins.

Reason(R): The rough ER doesn't have ribosomes attached to it.

3. Assertion (A): Gravitational force is a non-contact force.

Reason (R): When gravitational force acts on an object, it need not be in direct physical contact with the earth.

4.Assertion(A): The property of metals by virtue of which they can be drawn into wires is known as ductility.

Reason(R): Metals are generally good conductor of electricity but poor conductor of heat.

Short/Long answer type question

1. Mention the name and size of the smallest cell and the largest cell, in living world.

2. Are the cells in an elephant larger than the cells in a rat? Give reason for your answer.

3.Some microorganisms clean up the environment. Name them and explain how they clean up the environment?

4. House flies may sit on the garbage and animal excreta and the Pathogens stick to houseflies body. Explain how do houseflies spread diseases?

5. Mention the functions of the following cell organelles:

a) Mitochondria b) Ribosomes c) Golgi Complex

6. a) Mention a non-metal which exists in native as well as in its compound state

b) Some metals are found in the form of their compounds and some other are found in their native state why?

7. Tashi placed an object on surface P, Q and R one by one and pulled it as shown in the figure given below. He recorded the amount of force needed to pull the object over a fixed distance for each type of surface.

a) Which surface out of P, Q and R was the. (i) Smoothest (ii) roughest. Give reason

b) What is limiting friction?

OR

a) On what factors does the force of friction depend on?

b) What is limiting friction?

8. Give reason for the following:

a) Sodium and Potassium are stored in kerosene.

b) Copper cannot displace zinc from zinc sulphate solution.

c) Metals are used for making bells.

d) Phosphorous is kept under water.

e)Graphite is used for making electrode of batteries.

f)Bronze is preferred over copper metal for making statues.

g) Aluminium is used for making Aircraft bodies.

h)22 carat gold is better than 24 carat gold for making jewellery.

9. An element reacts with dilute hydrochloric acid to form a gas Y. when a lighted matchstick is brought near the gas it burns with a 'pop' sound.

a) State whether the element is a metal or a non metal. Name one such element and the gas Y.

b) Give the chemical equation for the reaction of one such element with dil. Hydrochloric acid.

c) The same element is then made to react with oxygen to form an oxide. Will the oxide be acidic or basic in nature. Give chemical reactions to support your answer.

10. a) Two school bags with the same length of straps but different widths are available at a shop. Width of the strap of bag A is 4 cm. Width of the strap of bag B is 8cm. Which bag would you prefer? why?

b) Name one 'action at a distance' force. Give an example also.

c) State the effect of force in the following cases.:

i)a potter making pots out of clay.

ii) magnet brought near an iron nail.

11. a)Write the observations about the streams of water emerging out from the following holes of a tin can filled with coloured water.

i) Four equidistant holes along a vertical line in a tin can

ii) two holes at the same level in a tin can on both its sides.

b) State the properties of liquid pressure associated with the observations above.

c)Why do streams of water emerging out of the holes cover different distances?

12. On the basis of your observation of an onion peel slide and cheek cell slide under a microscope, write two differences between them.

a)Cell which are the basic unit of all living beings remained undiscovered for a long time. Why?

b) Why an amoeba and a rabbit differ in their size?

13. One should avoid standing close to a common cold / tuberculosis patient while she/he is coughing. Why?

14. Soham added a teaspoon full of curd in a pot filled with lukewarm milk and left it undisturbed for 5-6 hours.

a) What would he observe after 5-6 hours?

b) Give reason for his observation.

15. Plastids are cell organelles found in plant cells. Name different types of plastids and give one function of each.

16. a) Differentiate between a mineral and an ore.

b) Mention the term used for the following processes of metallurgy.

i) The process of treating ore to get the metal in its free state.

ii) Process of removal of impurities form the ore.

17. Complete the following table to dirrerentiate between metals and non metals on the basis of the following physical properties. Also fill the exceptions wherever asked.

18. a) How are alloys better than metals?.

b) Name the following:

- i) an alloy of copper used for making gun barrels
- ii) an alloy of aluminium used for making magnets

c) How is purity of gold expressed? Can we use pure gold to make Jewellery? Give reason.

d) Name two non metals used for making fertilisers.

19. Some hot water is poured into a plastic bottle and is shaked for a minute. The lid of the bottle is closed quickly after pouring the water out of the bottle.

- a) What will you observe in the above activity?
- b) Give reason for your observation.
- c) Why is the lid of the bottle closed quickly after pouring out the water from the bottle?

20. a) Define pressure

b) Why do nails have pointed ends?

c) Three identical cubical blocks are placed on a table in two ways. Each block of face area A exerts a force F on the table

I: Blocks in contact with each other, side by side.

II: Blocks, one above the other.

What is the total force and pressure exerted on the table? Give reason for your answer.

21. All living cells are bound by a membrane called the 'P'. It surrounds its inner gel like material called 'Q' which consists of 'R' and nucleus. The nucleus has a thread like network called 'S' which condenses to form 'T' responsible for the 'U'. Name P, Q, R, S, T and U.

22. (a) How is food poisoning caused?

(b) Name one bacteria and one fungus causing food poisoning.

(c) State one way to prevent it.

23. A metal 'X' when treated with cold water gives a base 'Y' with formula XOH and liberates a gas 'Z' which easily catches fire.

(a) Identify X and Y.

(b) Identify gas Z and mention the characteristic of gas Z.

(c) Write a balanced chemical equation for the reaction involved.

24. (a) There are many microorganisms that helps in production of antibiotic. Name any two of them.

(b) How does antibiotic work in our body?

(c) Explain the role of vaccine in producing immunity to a disease.

(d) 'The longer you leave the curd at room temperature, the more sour it tastes'. Give reason for the statement.

OR

(a) How are viruses different from other microbes? (any two points)

(b) Identify the disease in plant, shown in the figure. Mention its causative microorganism.

(c) Reena is suffering from typhoid. What is the possible mode through which the disease might have got transmitted?

(d) Name the mosquito which causes (i) Malaria (ii) Dengue .

25. (a) Arrange the following metals in the order of their decreasing reactivity- K, Mg, Cu and Fe.

(b) State any two observations when a magnesium ribbon is dipped in copper sulphate solution. Give

reasons for these observations and also write the chemical equation of the reaction involved.

OR

(a)Complete the given chemical equations.

(i) Fe (s) + 2HCl (aq). (ii) Mg (s) + 2H2 O (l)

(b) What happens when

(i) a small piece of charcoal is ignited? (ii) zinc metal is hammered?

(c) List any one use of each of the following non-metals. (i) Iodine (ii) Phosphorus

SOCIAL SCIENCE

Write and learn the answers of the following questions from chapters -1,2,5,8,16 and 17.

- 1. Utility and value of a resource vary from time to time and place to place. Give any three examples to support the statement.
- 2. Why are human beings considered the most important resource for development?
- 3. Why is there a need for resource planning? Give any three reasons.
- 4. Mention any six factors on which the utilisation of resources depend.
- 5. Suggest any five ways to reduce the wastage of resources.
- 6. What do you mean by topography?
- 7. What do you mean by altitudes and ecosystem?
- 8. Explain hydrological cycle with the help of a diagram.
- 9. How does river water get polluted? Explain.
- 10. What are Multipurpose River Valley Projects? Identify any five ecological problems caused by building large dams.
- 11. What is meant by land use pattern? Why is it important to study the land use patt influencing the utilisation of land.
- 12. When and how did agriculture start along the river valleys? What is the wider definition of agriculture now?
- 13. Highlight the importance of agriculture for people around the world.

- 14. Explain any three physical factors influencing the agricultural development in an area.
- 15. What are the major differences between the farm agriculture of developed and developing countries ?
- 16. Describe any three new techniques used in agriculture to increase the production of crops.
- 17. How is Intessive subsistence agriculture different from the plantation and livestock ranching agriculture? Explain.
- 18. Explain about natural fibre crops,rice,wheat, millets,tea and coffee etc.
- 19. How do letters, writings and speeches provide information? Give examples.
- 20. Mention any five major events related to the freedom struggle of India.
- 21. Why is Indian federation called quite unique? Explain.
- 22. Describe any five salient features of the Indian Constitution.
- 23. India is a soverign, socialist, secular, democratic republic. Explain.
- 24. Describe the composition and contribution of the Constituent Assembly of India.
- 25. Explain the Right to Freedom of Religion.
- 26. Explain the five provisions given under the 'Right to Equality.
- 27. Our Fundamental Rights are not absolute or unilimited. Support the statement by giving any four suitable examples.
- 28. Highlight the main provisions of the Right to Freedom.
- 29. Classify Directive Principles of State Policy into four main categories. Explain each of them briefly.
- 30. Explain the significance of the Fundamental Rights in our day to day life.

Something to Do Activities -

- 1. Look around your home and neighbourhood, and list the ways in which water wastage can be stopped.
- 2. Why has River Ganga been called the lifeline of the people?
- 3. Collect pictures of various agricultural implements and machines. Paste them in a scrap book with their names and the uses.
- 4. As a vigilent citizen of India how can you create awareness among the people to protect old buildings and monuments?
- Collect reports and pictures from newspapers which show violation of the various Fundamental Rights. Against each picture, name the Fundamental Right in question. Suggest remedies to avoid recurrence of such incidents.